DURBAN 2022 COMMONWEALTH GAMES CANDIDATE CITY FILE

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
As Chairman and CEO of the City of Durban Commonwealth Games Bid Committee, we would like to provide you with an executive summary of our plans to host the Commonwealth Games in 2022.

Situated on the south-east coast of the African continent, Durban offers sportsmen and women a breathtaking backdrop of the Indian Ocean, the opportunity to compete in world-class venues and the warmth and hospitality of a vibrantly tapestried city. From a unique cultural collage to a dynamic modern infrastructure, Durban is many worlds in one city. It has hosted global sports events and received kings and queens as the nations of the Commonwealth unfurled their flags to salute Africa’s newest democracy under the leadership of the late Nelson Mandela.

The athletes of the Commonwealth will be welcomed in gentle embraces, greeted with the warmest of smiles and applauded with a generosity of spirit.

The Bid Committee of the City of Durban pursues a dream. It is a dream that will see Africa host the very first Commonwealth Games where some of the finest athletes of the world compete for gold and glory; where the real values of the Commonwealth resonate with the indomitable spirit of heroes past and champions of the future.

Our mission is simple: present an unsurpassed Bid document that will at once captivate the Commonwealth Executive and then, rightfully, allow the people of South Africa to be your host. Durban 2022 is ready to inspire!

On behalf of Durban and the people of South Africa, we extend to you our sincere gratitude for allowing us to present our vision and programmes that will lead ultimately to the hosting of a successful Games in 2022.

Mark Alexander
Chairman of the Durban 2022 Commonwealth Games Bid Committee

Tubby Reddy
CEO of the Durban 2022 Commonwealth Games Bid Committee
INTRODUCTION

“We are Africans, we are an African Country, we are part of our multi-national region, we are an essential part of our continent. Being Africans, we are acutely aware of the wider world, deeply in our past and present.”

(2030 South African National Development Plan (NDP).

About South Africa
South Africa is well positioned as a conference and sports event destination and an area of global niche tourism. Accordingly, South Africa must be a choice destination for mega events and sports tourism with adequate spectator support and equitable access to sporting events. Since the advent of our democracy the country has hosted numerous global-sports events, notably, the 1995 Rugby World Cup, both of the 1996 and 2013 Africa Cup of Nations, the 1999 All Africa Games, 2003 Cricket World Cup and the 2010 FIFA World Cup. Similarly we have hosted a significant number of global conferences featuring some of the world’s leading figures, such as the 1999 Commonwealth Heads of Government, the 2000 XIII World Aids Conference, the 2001 World Conference on Racism, the 2011 123rd IOC Session, the 2011 COP17/CMP7, and the 2013 5th BRICS Summit. South Africans are passionate about their sport, which has played a leading role in building social cohesion and bringing to life the concept of a rainbow nation. Many a time it is sport that has not only reminded us of our common nationhood, but equally continues to revive our positive outlook on the country.

About Durban
Durban is the multi-faceted, and multi-cultural mecca of the province of KwaZulu-Natal. Known as Africa’s Sports Capital, Durban has vast experience in hosting major events. Indeed all the conferences listed above were hosted in Durban, while the city also hosted matches of all the mentioned sporting events- CAF Afcon, IRB and FIFA World Cups, including the second semi-final of the FIFA World Cup 2010 between Spain (eventual FWC 2010 winners) and Germany. The City of Durban still remains the most favoured sports centre for many of South Africa’s iconic annual sports events, such as the famous Comrades Marathon; the Dusi Canoe Marathon; several rugby test and super XV matches; many test, one day and T20 international and domestic cricket matches; national team, Bafana, and premier soccer league matches; and the Amashova Cycle Race. Added to its event capability, Durban’s climate and surrounding tourism attractions, from its warm ocean waters and beautiful beaches (with the popular promenade) to the magnificent mountains of uKhahlamba (the Drakensberg), the surrounding game parks and the historical battlefields (including the site of the famous Battle of Isandlwana), present any visitor to our main sporting coastal city with a wonderful and diverse set of tourism options. There is no better suited place to host the 2022 Commonwealth Games.

About the African Continent
South Africa is a member of the African Union (AU) and plays an important role in striving to bring about peace and stability on the continent. Through the AU and the New Partnership for Africa’s Development (NEPAD), South Africa has made notable contributions towards the political and economic integration of the continent. Further, South Africa’s 2030 National Development Plan (NDP) enjoins the country to do more in developing the region as a global tourist destination by accentuating the broader biodiversity, cultural diversity, scenic beauty and range of tourism products, and making it easier for tourists to travel between countries in the African region. It is our hope that these Games will accelerate Africa’s rising and intra-continent integration, particularly in southern Africa, to help meet this directive. Africa is home to some of the world’s leading athletes who for decades have been performing and entertaining sport enthusiasts on the world stage. We strongly believe that it is time that South Africa provides the stage for them to showcase this talent on home soil, at the place that made the impossible possible; a place that took its Destiny into its own hands, brought about Equality amongst its people, and placed Humanity as the foundation of its nation. Lastly, South Africa has had a long and turbulent history as part of the Commonwealth. Following its exclusion in 1961, it rejoined the Commonwealth of Nations in 1994 to stand tall amongst its peers. Ours is an unparalleled story of unity in diversity, reconstruction and development, and of a rising and affirmation of our peoples.
GAMES VISION, CONCEPT AND LEGACY
The Commonwealth Games in South Africa will be a catalyst and game changer in the lives of many ordinary people. South Africa’s 2030 National Sport and Recreation Plan (NSRP) clearly identifies “sport as a tool to support and achieve a diverse range of national and global priorities”, putting emphasis on the following: sports tourism, sport for peace and development, sport and the environment, and sport and national government priorities. In support of the country’s 2030 NDP, which outlines South Africa’s 2030 comprehensive national strategy, the NSRP stipulates in its mission statement that it seeks “to transform the delivery of sport and recreation by ensuring equitable access, development and excellence levels of participation and to harness the socio-economic contributions that can create a better life for all South Africans”.

**Specifically, the Commonwealth Games in Durban will contribute to the following NDP priorities:**
- Improving infrastructure and accelerating the rate of development and the execution of intended development plans in the country.
- Re-engineering spatial patterns/human settlements.
- Uniting all South Africans around a common programme to achieve prosperity and equity.
- Bringing about faster economic growth, and higher investment.
- Focusing on key capabilities of people and the state.

Our sport and recreation vision is that of “an active and winning nation” by 2030. We seek to become a winning nation by (amongst other things) providing:
- Access to a comprehensive range of support programmes for athletes and coaches.
- Opportunities for our elite athletes to participate and excel in international competitions.

Durban is home to some 3.5 million South Africans challenged with making theirs a socially cohesive, sustainable and economically vibrant city. Accordingly, eThekwini’s (herein referred to as the City of Durban)

**Long Term 2030 Development Plan**—to be Africa’s Caring and Liveable City takes its reference from the following policy documents: the Millennium Development Goals, the National Development Plan and the Provincial Development Plan. It identifies key strategic priorities as building blocks for implementation in order to ensure sustainable development. Therefore, through the hosting of these games, we will begin to re-organise spatial patterns by building an athletes’ village that will be subsequently converted to gap housing, create a platform for growth and skills development for young people by providing internships pre and during the Games, promote destination Durban and South Africa, develop sport in our country, promote social cohesion, and accelerate the city’s Integrated Development Plans.

“Sport as a tool to support and achieve a diverse range of national and global priorities.”
INTEGRATING THE VISION TO THE GAMES

In pragmatic terms, ours is a story of reconstruction and development to accelerate progress, and build a more inclusive and an empowered citizenry. We seek to showcase how the Commonwealth Games can contribute directly to improvement in the lives of ordinary people and help develop a city to be a better place in which to live.

For the games
Internship programmes aimed at providing access to job opportunities and skills empowerment will form a cornerstone of our procurement and delivery infrastructure. In fact, our intent is to ensure that at least 30% of the entire workforce directly related to the Games comprises of young people. We will also provide volunteer training (involving young and old) to build broad-based volunteer corps. We will use our National Schools Championship as a platform for the Games, and its values of Humanity, Equality and Destiny to promote the Games for the four years leading to 2022.

For the sport
The Games will provide a perfect platform for us to showcase our talent and for athletes to participate and excel in international competitions. In the build-up to the Games, we will sharply focus our talent identification and support programmes on those sports that will help to deliver medals for our country and inspire us into a cohesive nation. In the build-up we also want to provide specific opportunities and enter into partnerships with some of the Commonwealth member countries to provide preparation opportunities for their teams in our high-performance institutions.

For the Commonwealth Games Movement
Using the above efforts, we want to help give the Commonwealth Games Movement a sharpened focus in promoting the value that the Games can bring to the host city. These Games should help provide brand proof that the Commonwealth Games are about people and their development, and about athletes’ performance and their well-being.

For the City of Durban
Equally the Games provide the city with a unique opportunity to focus its attention on the delivery of infrastructure in certain nodal points to create shared social spaces. Lastly, our marketing programme for the Games will also be aimed at showcasing South Africa and indeed the region as a destination of choice for sports tourism.
Proposed dates for the Durban 2022 Commonwealth Games

Our proposed dates are 18 July to 31 July 2022. Our choice of these dates is driven by the following factors:

1. The opening ceremony (on 18th July) will coincide with the late President Nelson Mandela’s birthday, now declared by the United Nations as Mandela Day. Hosting the Games will be a fitting tribute to this world leader and great humanist.

2. Near perfect weather conditions
   This is a low rainfall period in Durban with temperatures ranging between 15 and 25 degrees celsius and average sunshine of 8 hours per day.

3. We are confident that we shall receive the necessary co-operation from the education authorities to ensure a neat overlap between the proposed dates and the school holidays, as was the case during the 2010 FIFA World Cup, and thus ensure greater opportunity for spectator attendance.
Map A: More than 80% of the identified sports facilities as well as the Games Village are within a 2.5km radius. All the sporting facilities identified for the Games are already in existence within the proposed Games Precinct. Most major hotels, including those identified for the Games family, are located within walking distance of most of the sports facilities.
LEGACY

Durban already has 100% of the sports facilities required to host these Games. The improvements and upgrades to cater for the Games’ special requirements will primarily be served by temporary structures to fulfil capacity needs. These are highlighted in Map A on the previous page.

Our non-sport key legacy initiatives

1. **Human Settlement** The city has developed a three pronged approach to address the housing backlog, including building gap housing aimed at moderate income persons. The intention is for the athletes’ village to fit within this category. Post the Games, the village units will be converted into family housing units to be sold at subsidised prices to moderate income earners.

2. **Sustainable Community Facilities** The city has begun building a cluster of multi-purpose facilities within designated nodal points to allow for better access and usage, thus the Games Precinct and some of the training and practice venues will fit within this framework.

3. **Integrated Rapid Public Transport Network (IRPTN)** The eThekwini Transport Authority has developed an IRPTN – a wall-to-wall public transport system for the entire metro. This plan defines the ultimate (2025) public transport network for the municipality, and the city has begun an incremental implementation of this plan.

4. **Human Capital Development** Year on year the city invests in creating a platform for growth, empowerment and skills development. The City of Durban is positioning itself as a Smart City with specific emphasis on human capital development, knowledge management, and a healthy and productive workforce. The city’s ‘Smart Xchange’ initiative, a hub for developing skills within the IT sector, is testimony to this initiative.

Our key sport-specific legacy initiatives

1. **Active Participation and youth leadership** Plan 6 of the city’s IDP has among its key focus areas, the promotion of healthy lifestyles for broad sectors, including marginalised groups to facilitate inclusive participation in sport and recreation. The aim is to provide programmes that will not only improve the physical health of citizens, but will also help fight against social ills such as substance abuse, domestic violence and other forms of crime.

1. **Community Sports Facilities** As part of the city’s Integrated Development Plan (Human Settlement Plan for Sustainable Community Facilities) Durban is investing in a Social Facilities Accessibility Model, which includes building sports facilities alongside other social facilities, such as libraries and clinics, in designated development nodes. This programme is financed through a national grant to local municipalities overseen by the Department of Sport and Recreation.
Queen’s baton relay (QBR)
The QBR will go through all Commonwealth member countries, particularly those on the African Continent, giving each CGA ample opportunity to host the baton in their respective countries to mark their participation in the Games. It will, among other things, serve to draw pre-games media attention, promote the Games and build the CGF brand, and present supplementary commercial opportunities for sponsorship and merchandise sales.

Ceremonies
The Opening and Closing Ceremonies will take place at the Moses Mabhida Stadium. In order to maximise broadcast, athlete and public appeal of the Opening Ceremony, it will be staged on the evening of 18 July 2022, being Mandela Day. There can be no better symbolism for South Africa and the Commonwealth as a whole to mark the first ever Games in Africa. The Moses Mabhida Stadium has a seating capacity of 56 000 and is located in the main sports precinct.

Cultural programme
KwaZulu-Natal province epitomises the best of African performance culture, from traditional to contemporary. Our cultural programme will comprise three major components:

1. **Ceremonies** At the Flag Handover Ceremony in Gold Coast we will celebrate the honour of hosting the Games and showcase what the CGF family can look forward to in 2022. In July 2022, each of the participating nations will be given the opportunity to hoist their flag at the Games Village upon arrival in Durban.

2. **Music** Durban is the heartbeat of traditional Zulu, Indian, contemporary, pop, kwaito and hip-hop music, as well as various art forms. Music and dance will form the centrepiece of our cultural programme.

3. **Film** The ever expanding and dynamic South African film industry will feature prominently in this cultural mosaic of celebration before, during, and after the Games.

Youth outreach
Youth outreach is core to our legacy programme for these Games. The main focus will be to:

- Promote youth participation in sport and recreation using existing school sport and physical education programmes.
- Develop occupational skills, designed to ensure that the youth can easily be absorbed into the mainstream economy through internships.
- Create a better quality of life that is free of social ills and other challenges faced by the youth in general, through a schools mobilisation programme.

City activities
The City of Durban and the province of KwaZulu-Natal host several annual events a year, which will be re-aligned to dovetail with the Games programme. The Games Live Site will incorporate a live stage with the core music and performance arts festival for the Games. Durban’s promenade will be transformed into a golden mile of 24-hour live exhibitions and entertainment to promote both local and international artists.

KwaZulu-Natal and Durban have many iconic historical assets, including the battlefields, famous for the Anglo-Zulu wars (the province hosts a riveting re-enactment of the battle of Isandlwana every year) and the Drakensberg/ uKhahlamba mountain range (the backdrop of our tourism imagery). Our wetlands and game parks in the North of KwaZulu-Natal provide excellent opportunities for those wishing to explore the wilder side of Africa and the warm beauty this province has to offer.
PUBLIC AUTHORITY SUPPORT AND GAMES GOVERNANCE
SOUTH AFRICAN POLITICAL LANDSCAPE

The Republic of South Africa is a unitary state and a constitutional democracy. Our constitution has been hailed as one of the most modern and inclusive the world over and is guarded by an independent judiciary. The country has a three-level system of government: national, provincial and local (municipal), all of which have legislative and executive authority in their own spheres. This system is defined in the constitution as “distinctive, interdependent and interrelated.”

National Level

Only the national Parliament can pass laws, whereas provinces and municipalities can pass by-laws and policies. The President is elected by Parliament and appoints a Cabinet of Ministers, which acts as the executive committee of government. Each minister is the political head of a government department and these departments are headed by senior public servants called Directors General, with an array of staff. Provincial and local government may not do anything that is against the laws or policies set down by national government.

Lastly, to ensure all Games’ related matters are integrated across all levels of government and support agencies, an Inter-Ministerial Committee will be established under the leadership of the Minister of Sport and Recreation to coordinate all functions between national government departments and the other two levels of government to provide a fully coordinated and consistent approach to the staging of the Games.

Provincial Level
The country is divided into nine provinces, each with its own provincial legislature. KwaZulu-Natal, like other provinces, is headed by a Premier who leads the Executive of the province. The Executive members are chosen from the elected representatives and as such are political heads of the different portfolios. Such portfolios may vary slightly by province, but may include Finance, Economic Affairs and Tourism, Roads and Transport, Sports, Arts, Culture and Recreation, Rural Development and Agriculture, Community Safety and Security, and Basic Education.

All the above take their cue from national departments in terms of policy, but may initiate their own programmes in line with national and provincial plans.

Local Level
Local municipalities are responsible for by-laws and services, which include electricity, water, sewage and sanitation, health, land use, roads, public transport, refuse, firefighting, street trading, parks and recreational areas, other facilities and local tourism. Each local municipality is led by a Mayor and may vary in size. Durban is a metropolitan municipality, which means it is one of the largest municipalities in the country. Among its other responsibilities a metropolitan municipality has its own metro police responsible for traffic management and community safety. Once again they work in tandem with the South African Police Service (a national competence).

“Distinctive, interdependent and interrelated.”

DURBAN 2022 COMMONWEALTH GAMES CANDIDATE CITY EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
The Department of Sport and Recreation has primary responsibility for leading the national government’s involvement in the bidding and preparation. The department is also then charged with the responsibility of leading an inter-ministerial task Team (incorporating all the relevant departments) to coordinate government’s involvement and support.

The provincial government has set up a Commonwealth Games Coordinating Task Team, inclusive of all the departments of Economic Affairs and Tourism, Sport and Recreation, Human Settlements, and the Premier’s Office. Its task is to make sure that there is a synergised approach to the execution of responsibilities and implementation of the Games bidding and preparation.

The City of Durban’s responsibilities will centre on local support for all city issues and will include leading the staging of the Games. Common to other host cities, many of the venues are under the control of the city and, in conjunction with the provincial government, the City of Durban will manage all local aspects relating to the hosting of the Games.

The status and nature of the political setting
South Africa holds general and local government elections every 5 years. The next local government elections will be held in 2016. The subsequent rounds of general and local government elections will be in 2019 and 2021 respectively. Last year’s (May 2014) general elections produced the following results (only the top 3 parties are listed in the table). The African National Congress (ANC) has been the leading party, both at local and national level since the first democratic elections in South Africa. This scenario is unlikely to change going forward, and there are no referendums planned.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Political Party</th>
<th>National (7 May 2014)</th>
<th>Provincial KwaZulu-Natal (7 May 2014)</th>
<th>Local City of Durban (18 May 2011)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>African National Congress (ANC)</td>
<td>62%</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>61%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Democratic Alliance (DA)</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economic Freedom Fighters (EFF)</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>Did not exist</td>
</tr>
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</table>
The Bid Committee/company is composed as follows:

**South African Sports Confederation and Olympic Committee (SASCOC):** 3 members. SASCOC is the controlling body for all the performance sports of South Africa and coordinates the relationship with various international sporting codes and their respective international federations. It is a fully recognised Commonwealth Games Association (CGA) and member of the Commonwealth Games Federation (CGF) and leads the country’s candidature and delivery of the Games.

**National Department of Sport and Recreation:** 3 members. The Department of Sport and Recreation is responsible for sport in South Africa. The Minister of Sport will also lead the National Government Inter-Ministerial Committee should Durban be successful in its bid to host the 2022 Commonwealth Games.

**Provincial Government of KwaZulu-Natal:** 3 members. The provincial government provides support to both the city and national government and acts as a conduit for the national government on certain initiatives and programmes. Ultimately it will play a critical role in managing the financing of the building of the Games Village on behalf of national government and shall have a defined interest in the tourism and youth development spin-offs arising from the Games.

**City of Durban:** 3 members. The City of Durban is the ultimate hosting entity of the Games and shall be responsible for the provision of all municipal services required for the Games and the sports facilities. Further, the city will ultimately be the main beneficiary of all the legacy initiatives arising from these Games including the Games Village.
Immigration requirements

The Immigration Act, 2002 (Act No 13 of 2002), provides for the regulation of admission of persons into and their departure from South Africa. Immigration visas are required depending on the nature and the duration of the required period of stay.

- General Work and Critical Skill Visas may be issued for a maximum period of 5 years.
- Intra-Company Transfer Work Visas may be issued for a period not exceeding 48 months.
- Study Visas may be issued for the duration of the period of study.
- Business Visas may be issued for a maximum period of 3 years.
- Visitors’ Visas to accompanying dependents may be issued for a maximum period of 3 years.

The general processing time for stays 90 days and less is 5 to 10 working days, whilst requests for work permits for stays in excess of 90 days have a processing time ranging from 4 to 8 weeks.

Conclusion

South Africa has a strong democratic and human rights track record established since its first free and democratic elections. Media freedom and freedom of speech are entrenched into our Constitution, as is the principle of a fair and open market economy.

A public opinion poll survey was conducted in January / February 2015 to assess public sentiment and support for South Africa bidding for major international events in general, and specifically for the Commonwealth Games and Durban.

The sample size of N=1500 skewed towards KwaZulu-Natal (43%) with an urban (52%) rural (48%) was used. The biographic details were as follows: Male (52%); Female (48%), and age group breakdown: 16-24 (32%); 25-34 (37%); 35+ (29%).

**Do you think that South Africa should bid to host the 2022 Commonwealth Games?**

- Yes: 90%
- No: 10%

**Do you think Durban should bid to host the 2022 Commonwealth Games?**

- Yes: 96%
- No: 4%
SUSTAINABILITY AND ENVIRONMENT
The Integrated Development Plan (IDP) for the city prioritises the development of a sustainable spatial, natural and structural environment, as well as creating a quality living environment. The City of Durban Climate Change Strategy is aligned with the National Climate Change Response White Paper.

The sustainability objectives for the Commonwealth Games are:

- Resource efficiency, including energy and water efficiency and the use of existing venues where practicably possible.
- Environmental considerations in the development of sustainable conservation and the showcasing of our natural environments.
- Social upliftment and involvement of local youth in the planning and hosting of the Games.
- All associated new developments and existing enhancements of the city for the Commonwealth Games will align with the city’s long-term spatial planning agenda.

Sustainability principles, targets and objectives will be integrated into the planning and execution of the Games, to ensure that the city not only addresses immediate operational concerns, but that the Games leave a sustainable long-term legacy. Targets for these objectives will align with national priorities, as well as the city’s strategic plans, including the city’s Climate Change Strategy, and will take the environmental, social and economic impacts into consideration.

Management, monitoring and measurement

Upon establishing the OC, South African Company Law prescribes that a Social & Ethics Committee (S&EC) (i.e. Sustainability Committee) be established which will govern how sustainability will be incorporated into the entity’s governance structure. The S&EC will have a mandate to provide direction and oversight to ensure that sustainability is embedded into the operations of all key delivery suppliers, which will then be monitored through agreed upon key performance indicators (KPIs). In addition, the S&EC’s mandate will include supporting value creation by integrating Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) issues into the daily business activities of the OC and Commonwealth Games operations.

As such the key objectives of the S&EC will be to:

- Develop and communicate a strategy for sustainability initiatives and link those initiatives to the OC’s priorities.
- Establish the material issues that could affect the Games’ operations and, based on these, develop a detailed action plan.
- Oversee sustainability initiatives and make recommendations to the OC.
- Set sustainability goals, targets and KPIs and monitor the reporting and progress against these.
- Collaborate with other sub-committees of the OC as to the management, monitoring, measurement and reporting on the ESG information to the OC.
Air and water quality
The City of Durban’s air quality is defined as “generally good” in accordance with World Health Organisation (WHO) Standards. Air quality measurements are undertaken by SAAQIS (South African Air Quality Information System). 94% of the South African population currently has access to clean drinking water. Furthermore, water from the city can be safely consumed directly from the tap. The city’s drinking water standard is recorded against the national standard SANS 241:2006 and SANS 17025: the city has received a Blue Drop Certification. Blue Drop is a Department of Water Affairs, Agriculture and Forestry (DWAF) initiative, which is a comprehensive certification process which includes other aspects such as risk management, operations, and asset management of water services.

OC’s planned environmental protection objectives, targets and priorities
• Utilise existing facilities as far as possible and certify new venues to green building standards.
• Ensure any construction or upgrades to new or existing facilities are conducted in accordance with an Environmental Management Plan (EMP).
• Ensure that greenfield development is in line with the City of Durban’s open space planning (DMOSS) requirements and objectives.
• Minimise waste generation during the Games and ensure that waste is separated at source to reduce volumes requiring landfilling.
• Ensure public transport is available to minimise the need for private transport to and from and between event venues.

METEOROLOGY
Durban has very low levels of precipitation during the proposed Games period with a maximum of two days at an average volume 0.0003016 l/m². This combined with the average wind strength of 10.8 - 14.4km/h at altitude levels of 5m at Moses Mabhida Stadium, 146m at Queensmead Hockey Stadium and 702m at Pietermaritzburg Cycling Course should provide great competition conditions.

The minimum, maximum and average temperature and humidity figures are outlined below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time of day</th>
<th>Temperature in °C</th>
<th>Humidity in %</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>Average</td>
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<tr>
<td>Candidate City - Durban</td>
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<td>9 am</td>
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<td>12 noon</td>
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<td>23.7</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 pm</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>23.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>6 pm</td>
<td>30.7</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 pm</td>
<td>31.5</td>
<td>20.9</td>
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FINANCE AND MARKETING
The Organising Committee will be a company incorporated under the Companies Act, with a memorandum and articles setting out its objectives as a Non-Profit Company (NPC). The company will be registered as a Public Benefit Organisation as envisaged in the Income Tax Act and as such, will be granted tax exemption status.

We have compiled our budget and cash flow forecast in accordance with the CGF requirements as well as those of our National Treasury. We expect to raise the requisite budget from the public and private sectors. As required, the OC has signed a Joint Marketing Agreement with SASCOC (CGA) to enable us to raise sponsorship inclusive of Team South Africa and thus avoid any conflicting sponsorship approaches and sourcing.

Our budget is assured with full government support. We have provided for each CGA to receive a travel and accommodation grant for athletes, officials and certain dignitaries.

Ticketing and hospitality
Tickets will be made accessible and inclusive to the general public in South Africa and more specifically in the Durban/KwaZulu-Natal area, encouraging high attendance with a range of pricing categories to attract various communities. The categories will include, scholars, pensioners and family packages (two adults and two children) to contribute to the “family Games” atmosphere. Appropriate sales phases will be developed to ensure all stakeholders (CGA, sponsors, international visitors and local communities) can purchase tickets at relevant times, while also ensuring a fair and equitable distribution for prime events. Ticket prices will be inclusive of public transport travel (i.e. a Games ticket will include public transportation tickets).

The OC will, as part of its broader sponsorship programme, develop a comprehensive sponsor support service. This service will not, however, incorporate a separate sponsor hospitality facility for Games sponsors; although a limited number of accredited sponsors will have access to the Games Family Lounges at each venue.

Separate to this, the OC will provide for a Sponsor Hospitality Centre/Village where Games sponsors, on a user pays basis, will be able to entertain their partners and customers. This facility will be located at the Durban Country Club approximately, 11km away from the Moses Mabhida Stadium (main stadium), only minutes from the city centre and less than 1 km north of Durban’s Golden Mile beachfront.

This central location overlooks the iconic Moses Mabhida Stadium and offers breathtaking views of the Blue Lagoon estuary and sparkling Indian Ocean. The Durban Country Club was used as an off-site hospitality venue by various partners at the 2010 FIFA World Cup and it was a huge success.
Marketing and communication

Durban’s 2022 Commonwealth Games brand identity/positioning, “Ready to Inspire” amplifies South Africa’s approach and desire to inspire athletes to break records, while also inspiring spectators to visit the warmest city in the country and experience the rich culture and heritage it has to offer. It also serves as a reminder to the Organising Committee, stakeholders and volunteers to inspire and be inspired to deliver the best ever Commonwealth Games. The core values of the Commonwealth Games movement: Humanity, Equality and Destiny have a strong resonance with what South Africans fought for. Now, 20 years later, the nation epitomises these core values and they form an integral part of our brand identity.

Our communication programme will be designed to ensure that the core values of the Commonwealth Games Movement are promoted and maximised.

We will implement an integrated communications strategy, utilising all elements of the marketing mix with a view to:

1. **Building awareness** and adoption of the Games identity and calls to action.

2. **Driving public support** and commercial backing towards the Games objectives, i.e. ticket sales, rights sales, volunteer programme recruitment, legacy programme fulfilment etc.

3. **Engaging effectively** with locals, businesses, stakeholders and internationals, making them feel part of the Games.

4. **Promoting the City of Durban** as the warmest city and as a five-star tourist destination with a proven track record of hosting major sporting events.

In partnership with all key stakeholders in sport, government, and tourism, as well as our local and global media partners, key messaging layers of the brand identity will be driven strategically across target market segments and project milestones. The underlying themes are South Africa’s story of reconstruction and development to build a more inclusive and empowered nation- and Durban is ready!
SPORT
Introduction

Sport has played and continues to play a pivotal role in unifying South Africans through its ability to transcend race, gender and politics. South Africa is a sporting nation which prides itself on its ability to deliver world-class events. Given the legacies of our previous eventing successes, hosting the CWG 2022 will continue to build our national pride and confirm South Africa’s position as a strong sporting nation with the capacity to deliver both on and off the field of play, thus delivering on the CGFs vision “to dynamically promote and celebrate a unique, friendly and world class Games.”

We have taken into consideration the broader international sporting calendar so as to balance competing demands placed upon all Games participants in choosing the dates and sporting codes for the Durban 2022 Commonwealth Games. The dates selected will coincide with South Africa’s school holidays and thus assist in ensuring that all South Africans have the opportunity to engage with the Games. Durban’s cool climate, during this time of the year, and its sea-level altitude provide ideal conditions for athlete performance, which will further enhance broadcast and spectator appeal. With the majority of sports venues in a single cluster of 2.5km radius, the overall Games experience for all participants will be further enhanced.

Hosting experience

South Africa has unparalleled and extensive experience in successfully hosting the 18 sporting codes that have been selected (incl. wheelchair basketball) and the para-sport events at an international level. Durban as a city has played host to numerous global events, which include the FIFA 2010 World Cup, the 1995 Rugby World Cup, the 2003 Cricket World Cup, the IPC Swimming World Champs 2006, the FINA Swimming World Cup in 2006 & 2008, the BG Triathlon World Cup 2008, the 2012 UCI MTB World Cup (Pietermaritzburg), and the FIVB Beach Volleyball 2013. South Africa also has multi-sport event experience, including the 1999 All Africa Games (Johannesburg) and the 2013 World Transplant Games (Durban). The City of Durban’s existing infrastructure provides the necessary strong foundation for the hosting of a truly successful Commonwealth Games for all participants. The minor supplementary additions made to these facilities, including roads and infrastructure, will leave a solid legacy in the city for years to come.

We have chosen (as illustrated in the competition schedule) Basketball (Wheelchair), Cycling, Shooting, Table Tennis, Triathlon, Wrestling and Judo as our optional sports.

“...to dynamically promote and celebrate a unique, friendly and world class Games.”
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<tr>
<th>Sport Disciplines Event</th>
<th>Sun</th>
<th>Mon</th>
<th>Tues</th>
<th>Wed</th>
<th>Thurs</th>
<th>Fri</th>
<th>Sat</th>
<th>Sun</th>
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**COMPETITION SCHEDULE**

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<th>Comp Days</th>
<th>Male Participants</th>
<th>Female Participants</th>
<th>Number of Gold Medals</th>
<th>Preliminary</th>
<th>Semi-Final</th>
<th>Quarter-Final</th>
<th>Play Off</th>
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**DURBAN 2022 COMMONWEALTH GAMES CANDIDATE CITY FILE EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**
VENUES
OUR TRACK RECORD AND UNIQUENESS

Durban has hosted numerous major global sporting events which have been staged in world-class venues and have placed us among the top host nations.

The existing infrastructure thus lends itself to hosting a successful Commonwealth Games for all participants. The city is home to the world-class Moses Mabhida Stadium, which was completed in 2009, in time to host several matches during the Fifa World Cup in 2010. In addition, there are numerous other sports venues within close proximity to Moses Mabhida that are regarded as among the best sports facilities on the continent.

Durban as a host city is unique in that it has fully developed 80% of the Games venue requirements within a 5km sporting precinct. This will offer spectators a Games experience unlike any other, with the compact nature of the competition adding to the celebratory mood as numerous spectators congregate along the Commonwealth Golden Mile daily, sharing experiences and looking forward to the next event. With well-developed walkways, public transport systems and interconnecting routes, spectators will readily be able to travel through the city, and enjoy direct access to competition venues from various drop-off points.

Procurement

The Municipal Financial Management Act (MFMA) compels public institutions to procure goods in a prescribed manner. Tenders are one such manner used to secure supplies of goods and services and are an integral part of Supply Chain Management. The Municipality will ensure that the tender process is fair, transparent and equitable, and cost-effective for all parties.
Tendering process

The tendering process comprises five distinct phases:

1. **Compiling tender documents**
   Tender documents define the rights, risks and obligations of the parties involved in a contract and define the nature, quantity and quality of the goods, services or works to be provided in the performance of the contract. Accordingly, such documentation must be legally and technically correct and should assign risk in an appropriate manner.

2. **Inviting tenders**
   Bids are advertised by means of public advertisement in the local newspaper, the website of the municipality and / or any other appropriate ways (which may include an advertisement in the Government Tender Bulletin). An Invitation to Tender is issued to the supplier tendering. The Invitation to Tender includes details of the municipality’s requirements for the particular contract.

3. **Receiving tenders**
   Tenders shall be submitted in accordance with requirements set out in the Invitation to Tender. Tenders are kept in a safe place and remain unopened until the time and date specified for their opening. No tenders received after the specified date and time for their receipt shall be considered by the municipality. An immediate record is made of the tenders received, including names, addresses, value and the date and time of opening.

4. **Evaluating tenders**
   According to the prescripts of section 2 of the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act (PPPFA), No. 5 of 2000, tenders must be evaluated in accordance with a preference point system. The criteria on which tenders are evaluated are set out in the tender documents. The method of evaluation is concluded and documented before tenders are returned. If tenders are to be evaluated on the basis of price, quality and preference, the evaluation criteria and methodology must have been approved by the Bid Specification Committee (BSC) before the Invitation to Tender is issued. If each contract above R200 000, the Evaluation Committee is responsible for evaluating tenders. The report is then forwarded by the Tenders and Contracts Coordination Branch to the Bid Evaluation Committee. This committee is a standing committee responsible for the evaluation of bids received, and submits reports and recommendations regarding the award of the bid/s to the Bid Adjudication Committee.

5. **Clearing successful tenders and awarding contracts**
   A contract is only awarded by an official with the requisite delegated authority to award contracts. The contract award notice is undertaken by the Tenders and Contracts Coordination Branch once the adjudication has been finalised and the successful/ unsuccessful tenderers are notified in writing.
Appeals/complaints
The complainant has a legal right to make a formal appeal against any decision taken by the council or its officials in terms of Section 62 of the Municipal Systems Act. The Act sets out the appeal process, which is followed. Simply, an appeal to the government is lodged and a committee must be set up within six weeks to look at the appeal. The appeal committee will provide a decision within a reasonable period of time.

Environmental impact assessment
Environmental Impact Assessments (EIAs) are carried out on all projects. An EIA describes a variety of processes used to assess the environmental impact of a proposed development as well as ways of mitigating the impact. The eThekwini Municipality complies with the EIA and will perform the assessments for any new permanent construction and/or Games Overlay.

Submission of tenders by foreign companies
Foreign companies will be encouraged to participate in the tendering process for the Commonwealth Games facilities where they can demonstrate that they have the necessary financial capability and technical expertise to undertake the projects.

The South African Government is party to a number of trade agreements facilitating participation for foreign companies to bid for tenders in South Africa. These include:

- Southern African Customs Union (SACU)
- Southern African Development Community (SADC) FTA
- Trade, Development and Cooperation Agreement (TDCA)
- EFTA-SACU Free Trade Agreement (FTA)
- SACU-Southern Common Market (Mercosur) PTA
- Zimbabwe/South Africa bilateral trade agreement.

Fast tracking
The municipality is regularly required by client stakeholders and funding authorities to fast track projects based on urgency. The fast tracking and delivery of 2010 World Cup projects showcased the skills and talents of South African engineers, architects and designers as well as the many other professionals responsible for making sure the infrastructure was in place to host a successful event and beyond that, to leave a vital legacy for future expansion and development.

In addition to fast tracking the tendering process, the South African Government will introduce legislation to enable the 2022 Commonwealth Games to provide for the delivery of Game’s services and infrastructure within the timeframes required by the Commonwealth Federation.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Venue</th>
<th>Sport Code/Facility</th>
<th>Required Capacity (seating)</th>
<th>Proposed Capacity</th>
<th>Training Venue</th>
<th>Training Venue</th>
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<td>Aquatics (Swimming)</td>
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<td>5000</td>
<td>Kings Park Pool</td>
<td>Chatsworth Stadium Pool</td>
<td>UKZN Westville Campus</td>
<td>Umhlanga Swimming Pool</td>
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<tr>
<td>Start at Vetchy's - Pontoon/Finish at uShaka Parking</td>
<td>Triathlon</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICC Hall 1</td>
<td>Weightlifting/ Powerlifting</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>1700</td>
<td>DHS</td>
<td>Glenwood Boys</td>
<td>DGHs</td>
<td>DPHS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICC Hall 2</td>
<td>Wrestling</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>3450</td>
<td>DUT</td>
<td>Northwood Boys</td>
<td>DUT</td>
<td>Durban Girls College</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option 1 - UKZN - Westville</td>
<td>Wheelchair Basketball</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>2600</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option 2 - (Beachfront)</td>
<td>Wheelchair Basketball</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>2300-2500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
COMMONWEALTH GAMES VILLAGE
The Games Village (11.2 hectares) is located in Cornubia and is approximately 19km from the main Games Precinct and 15km south of the new King Shaka International Airport. The development of Cornubia is in response to the housing needs in the City of Durban. The city’s Integrated Development Plan proposes Cornubia as a mixed use and mixed development priority project spanning more than 20 years.

The building of the Commonwealth Games Village is founded on this plan and would act as a catalyst to fast track gap housing needs identified as vitally important in this proposed suburb. Over 60% of the (total) Cornubia development will accommodate fully subsidized houses for those who qualify for a provincial housing subsidy, affordable housing for low-income households (rental) as well as middle to high-income bonded (mortgaged) housing. More than half the site will accommodate affordable housing.

The village has been designed to provide a world-class facility which meets the specific needs of the Games. Built to the highest environmental and design standards, it will provide a quality living environment for athletes and team officials, while at the same time it will be specifically designed to create a new suburb. The development on such a greenfield site will adhere to the principles of sustainable development at all stages and this will be reflected in aspects such as the adoption of sustainable construction methods and building materials.

**Design**

The design concept meets and exceeds the specific requirements as detailed in the Candidate City Manual. The Games Village design promotes both contemporary architecture and landscape design. In developing both concept and design, advice has been taken from athletes who have lived in other athletes’ villages, as well as international benchmarking and research.

**The design principles which have been applied to the Games Village include:**

- Ensuring that athletes have easy access to the international zone and athlete services from the residential areas.
- Separating busier service areas from the quieter residential zones by smart use of both landscaping and the site’s character.
- Maximising the relationship between the site and Marshall Dam.
- Ensuring a well-designed development, thereby offering a pleasing and functional environment for the athletes, as well as underpinning the certainty of future sales of the property.
- Providing a diverse range of apartment types, finished to the highest design specs, to serve both the Games’ needs and its longer term sustainability.
- Concentrating on all environmental issues by the comprehensive provision of well-planned green ‘spaces’ and water features throughout the site.
- Facilitating immediate ease of orientation by athletes and officials and efficient use of transport to and from the village to their onward Games’ centres/venues through the effective use of the dressing and livery of the village.
- Creating a network of people-focused streets and pedestrian walkways to enable easy access between residences and destinations within the village. Public and private open spaces will set the scene for casual interaction, relaxation and recuperation within the Residential Zone and celebrations within the International Zone.
The CGF requirements for bedroom size, office space and living space will be met for the Games mode. The living space requirements for athletes and officials within the residential units will comply with CGF standards. The basement car parks of the apartment buildings contain secure storage areas for the CGA and Residential Zone storage and housekeeping services.

Considerations for athletes with disabilities
The village will be constructed in compliance with the South African National Standards 10400-S (SANS 10400-S), which are in line with international accessibility standards. Meeting these standards will ensure everyone has access between the residential zone, transport mall, main dining hall and other essential services in the village.

The CGF requirements for bedroom size, office space and living space will be met for the Games mode. All the residences will be permanent buildings.

The Village will comprise a variety of apartment types and sizes, as follows:
- 10 x 7 storey apartment blocks with 2,3 & 4 bedroom apartments.
- 18 x 4-6 storey apartment blocks with 3 & 4 bedroom apartments.
- 10 x 3 storey apartment blocks with 2,4 & 5 bedroom apartments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Room</th>
<th>No. of rooms</th>
<th>No. of beds</th>
<th>No. of rooms (% wheelchair accessible)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single rooms</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double rooms</td>
<td>3120</td>
<td>6240</td>
<td>360 (11.5%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTALS:</td>
<td>3390</td>
<td>6510</td>
<td>360 (10.62%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 7.13 - Number of rooms and beds
The accommodation will be an attractive mix of apartment types, giving maximum flexibility for the Games, as well as for onward sale after the Games. All the residences will be permanent buildings.

Access and safety
Vehicle movements to and from the village and Games venues will be supported by planned major road upgrades.

- The entire site will be enclosed within a high security zone incorporating a limited number of secure access points using the latest scanning technologies, with full perimeter fencing, comprehensive 24/7 CCTV coverage from a Village Control Centre.
- The village will have its own extensive transport mall accessed directly from the north-east end, providing regular and frequent bus access to and from all the Games’ venues. The transport operation will run 24/7 with the bus fleet services deployed to meet demand.

Sustainability and legacy
The planning of Cornubia is based on the principles of sustainable development with higher densities, a wide range and integration of income levels, employment and economic opportunities, substantial provision for schools, clinics and other social facilities, extensive open spaces, and supported with viable non-motorized and public transportation.

Post Games, the village will become a new gap housing neighbourhood in Cornubia. As part of the legacy, it will be a residential complex in the western expansion of Umhlanga Ridge, a developmental area of 11.2ha comprising between 800 and 1,500 residential units and a small club house with all relevant social amenities.
MEDICAL AND DOPING CONTROL
One of the most important responsibilities of the OC is to ensure that all participants of the 2022 Commonwealth Games have access to excellent medical facilities and treatment.

While we hope that the need for emergency medical attention will be absolutely minimal, we can assure all athletes, officials and spectators of the Commonwealth Games that we are capacitated and ready to deal with any medical emergency that may arise. While there were no major incidents for the World Cup 2010, we are now in a position to offer a higher quality service.

Our facilities
Having hosted major events, we have excellent expertise in managing all our medical resources. Our medical facilities are world class and we have highly trained medical experts who will be on hand to assist us should any need arise.

Accredited medical personnel to complement the athletes’ own medical staff will ensure that our athletes never have to worry about waiting too long for medical attention.

Our support services (i.e. transport, first aid, and emergency services) are also highly regarded and are committed to ensuring public safety using their world-class infrastructure.

Antidoping
With regard to anti-doping measures, we want to assure the rest of the world that all our athletes rely on natural ability and effort. During the 2022 Commonwealth Games it would be no different. We have a strong culture of sportsmanship and believe that participating at this level is a victory in itself.

South Africa has legislation on doping in the form of Anti-Doping, Act 14 of 1997. In addition, this legislation governs the South African Institute for Drug-Free Sport (SAIDS), the controlling body for anti-doping in our country. South Africa also has anti-doping rules in place which are compliant with the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA).

There is no WADA-accredited laboratory located within Durban. However, the closest WADA-accredited laboratory is located in Bloemfontein and will be used for the Commonwealth Games. The Bloemfontein laboratory is about 644km from Durban and has the capacity to do both urine and blood samples. These samples will be transported by air - a 1h25min flight from Durban to Bloemfontein. In addition, a satellite laboratory within the Commonwealth Games precinct will be set up for the duration of the Games.
SAFETY AND SECURITY
Security strategy
Our strategy will ensure maximum safety at each competition and non-competition venue with our main priority being to deliver a safe Commonwealth Games for all.

Anti-terrorism
South Africa has a low terrorism risk profile compared with many countries and has highly developed counter-terrorism capabilities. South Africa is able to secure its borders and has a high degree of control over persons seeking entry to the country. This, coupled with effective intelligence, has allowed South Africa to minimise the potential for foreign terrorists to enter the country. The activities of South African authorities and their positive links with local communities results in a difficult operating environment for terrorists in South Africa.

Legislative requirements
The Safety at Sports and Recreational Events Act (SASREA) permits the formation of a single management structure to coordinate the planning, delivery, and administration of resources, for the purpose of ensuring event security. The Act imposes onerous obligations on event organisers to ensure safety and security at events, and the principles embodied in the Act were applied during the organisation of the successful 2010 Soccer World Cup. Section 15 of the Act makes provision for the establishment of an event safety and security planning committee comprising representatives from various sectors to provide safety and security at the events.

The City of Durban has:
- Sufficient personnel who can be deployed for up to 60 days, 24 hours a day (SAPS – 18 000 Regional Police & Metro – 1272 Police).
- Appropriate anti-terrorism measures.
- Levels of known recorded crime and public safety issues.
- Technical and professional competence of security forces.
- Effective command and control systems for the Games.

Capacity
Durban boasts its own City Metro Police, a service which supplements the country’s national police force. The city and its popular beachfront are regularly patrolled by police officers on foot, horseback and in vehicles, to ensure the safety of visitors and residents alike.
ACCOMMODATION
Our capacity - the numbers

Durban is a major local and international tourist destination, with annual tourist figures of 3.8-million. In a recent major event held in Durban, the city was host to a large number of visitors from out of town and those travelling from outside South Africa.

The Top Gear event held in June 2014 attracted 28,500 visitors, with 1,500 of those travelling from outside South Africa. The 2010 Fifa World Cup review survey showed that 83,819 tourists visited KwaZulu-Natal. An estimated 150,000 tourists are expected to attend the Games and remain in the city post the Games. We believe that Durban has more than enough capacity to accommodate these visitors.

Our accommodation stock

There is a wide array of accommodation to choose from, with 7,267 rooms available within a 10km radius of the Games Reference Point and 3,894 rooms within a 10-50km radius.

In addition, there are various other accommodation alternatives to suit everyone’s pocket, ranging from university residences, to youth hostels and camping sites. All accommodation venues are linked by a number of public transport options, including rail and bus. Our aim will be to ensure that accommodation will be affordable so as to attract as many people as possible to the 2022 Commonwealth Games.
The Games Family hotel
The award-winning five-star Hilton Hotel will accommodate the Games Family. It is ideally located next to the Durban International Convention Centre and the city centre, and is within easy reach of beaches. It is also within a 0-10km radius of the Games Reference Point. Equipped with a business centre and an executive lounge, the hotel also has meeting space that is able to accommodate up to 400 guests.

It is the perfect location for the Games Family, allowing them to entertain guests in style, conduct Commonwealth Games business with ease, and relax without any hassles.

Media
We believe that in order to stage a successful Commonwealth Games, we will need to ensure that we nurture all our relationships to ensure that not only does everyone have the correct perception of the Games and that those who cannot witness the Games in person have access to current news and regular Games updates. For them to feel as though they themselves are present at the Games requires a media contingent that is engaged and ready to report on the competition.

Media officials therefore need to be made to feel as comfortable as possible. The side-by-side Southern Sun Elangeni and Maharani, situated on the Commonwealth Games Golden Mile, has been identified as the ideal media hotel. It is also in close proximity to the competition venues and the Games Village, allowing the media to work and rest within a short distance of the entire Commonwealth Precinct.
Technical officials

The technical officials will be placed across a spread of accommodation. The Coastlands Hotel is within 10km of the sports precinct while the other three hotels are all situated within the 5km sporting precinct.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hotel</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Features</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Garden Court South Beach</td>
<td>414</td>
<td>- Ideally located within 0-5km of the point of reference for the games.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Located on the Commonwealth Games Golden Mile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Equipped with conference facilities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Shuttle services will be provided to transport the technical officials to and from the competition venues.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protea Hotel Edward</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>- Ideally located within 0-10km of the point of reference for the games</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Equipped with conference facilities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Shuttle services will be provided to transport the technical officials to and from the competition venues.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coastlands on the Ridge</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>- Ideally located within 0-5km of the point of reference for the games</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Located on the Commonwealth Games Golden Mile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Equipped with conference facilities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Shuttle services will be provided to transport the technical officials to and from the competition venues.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suncoast Towers and SunSquare</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>- Ideally located within 0-5km of the point of reference for the games</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Located on the Commonwealth Games Golden Mile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TRANSPORT
GETTING YOU THERE

King Shaka International Airport
The City of Durban is home to KwaZulu-Natal’s major airport, King Shaka International. The award-winning airport handles more than 5 million passengers annually and is a big contributor to the economy of the province. King Shaka International Airport will be the entry point for the majority of our Commonwealth Games’ participants and it will be, as is the norm, a pleasant welcome to the Kingdom of the Zulu.

Our roads
South Africa has some of the best road networks in Africa with a quality that is comparable to those of better developed countries. This is no different in the City of Durban. A well capacitated grid of north-south and east-west internal roads provides multiple accessible alternatives during regular major events.

As such, the city has the expertise, capabilities and infrastructure to be able to handle the 200,000 visitors that are expected to come to South Africa during the 2022 Commonwealth Games in Durban.

Further, with the single largest transport infrastructure project currently underway in Durban, the city is on track to offer a world-class 21st-century road network by 2022. Dubbed “GO! Durban”, the Integrated Rapid Public Transport Network (IRPTN) project will provide a faster and more efficient public transport network to the City of Durban during the Commonwealth Games and beyond. The Games transport strategy will therefore entail using the existing and planned core transport infrastructure. The Organising Committee’s mission will be to provide an integrated event transport plan that links the non-competition and competition Games venues to accommodation in an efficient and reliable manner. In addition, the use of cost-efficient and low-emission transport vehicles will be supported.

We envisage a Compact Games, with the vast majority of our Commonwealth Games venues located within the 5km Games Precinct. This means that at least 80% of the venues will be mere minutes away from each other on foot.

The unique access to most of the venues is on foot along the main artery, the Commonwealth Games Mile, which will be closed off to regular traffic and used exclusively as an access route for the duration of the Games.

While spectators will be able to reach most of the venues either by walking or shuttle transport, the Commonwealth Games Family, media, sponsors and other special guests will be transported by tuk-tuks or specially hired vehicles. Athletes will also have their own designated transport.

To ensure the delivery of our participants efficiently and on time, we aim to set up a transport management team comprising the following authorities:

- The eThekwini Transport Authority
- The National Department of Transport
- The KwaZulu-Natal Department of Transport
- The Airports Company of South Africa
- Passenger Rail Agency of South Africa
- Durban Metro Police
- South African Police Service

This team will ensure that getting anywhere will never be a problem for anyone during the 2022 Commonwealth Games.

Durban is ready to transport the Games attendees to the next level of Games experience.
THE DIGITAL DIVIDE

The South African Story is a well told one. Having overcome the struggle for freedom, South Africans have made tremendous strides in bridging the digital divide. The primary focus to improve ICT knowledge has been to bring the masses into the mainstream of technology so as to contribute to creating a better quality of life for all.

How it was done
A first on the African Continent, the Next Generation Network (NGN) was set up in June 2008 to provide city-wide carrier data services for the City of Durban as well as for all commercial and residential consumers.

The NGN is designed to connect all municipal sites back to the corporate data centres to allow for high-speed access to data applications, voice and video.

Currently the NGN provides mobile coverage to both competition and non-competition Games venues. The athletes’ village will be looped into this backbone.

The accolades
The City of Durban is truly proud of its achievements in technology. Some of these are:

- The first city in South Africa to lay down the Next Generation carrier network throughout the city
- Named the first Smart City in Africa and accordingly featured on the Discovery Channel
- First city to implement an ICT incubator which mentors micro enterprises and facilitates their growth into the open market. This ongoing programme has produced many enterprises that are no longer defined as micro.

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IT infrastructure
No additional infrastructure for fixed and mobile network is required to support the Commonwealth Games. Major events such as the 2010 FIFA World Cup and the Top Gear festival to name a few have been held without any network capacity constraints.

In addition, page 15 of the City of Durban’s Integrated Development Plan (IDP) for the period 2014/2015 and beyond, provides and budgets for the replacement, where required, and the addition of more fibre optic installations within the city.

The OC will only be required to pay standard tariffs for use of fixed and mobile network infrastructure during the games.

Power supply
The quality of supply of power provided by Eskom, South Africa’s electricity public utility is in accordance with the South African standard NRS 048, which prescribes statutory obligations and sets limits on harmonic distortion and voltage variations.

The City of Durban, as well as its industrial and business users, is also governed by the NRS 048 and thus strives to provide high quality power supply to all its customers. The city measures and monitors quality of supply in terms of a number of parameters such as:
- Frequency
- Harmonics
- Unbalance
- Voltage regulation
- Voltage Dips

This measurement and monitoring is carried out at both major and smaller distributors. The city also has conventional harmonic filtering equipment as well as reactors and capacitors installed at its substations to curb quality problems. The power currently supplied to the venues is therefore considered to be of adequate quality.

The power for the various broadcasting areas will be achieved by using synchronized diesel generators fitted with power quality monitoring equipment. The continuous clean power supply will be achieved by the use of oversized generators which will run simultaneously, thus having the ability to counteract any power disturbances.